The Democratic Whig Young Men RALLY.—
The Democratic Whig Young Men of the City and County
of New-York are requested to assemble at National Hall,
Canal street, on Friday Evening. April 7, at 74 o'clock, to
respond to the nomination of ROBERT SMITH for Mayor
of the City and County of New York.

By order of the Committee.

ADDISON DOUGHERTY, Chairman.
Charles K. Taylor, 2

CHARLES K. TAYLOR, Secretaries.

I General Committee of Democratic Whig Young Men, for 1843 .- A special meeting of this Committee, will be held at the Broadway House, on FRIDAY EVENING, the 7th of April, at half past '7 By order, ADDISON DOUGHERTY, Chairman.

CHARLES K. TAYLOR, } Secretaries. N. B. The hour of meeting is changed to 6 in consequence of the General Meeting.

IF For Notices of Mr. Mathew's Works, Harper's Shakspeare, &c., Col. McKenney's Lecture, Lady Bulwer, &c. see First Page.

IF For a Poem, and a variety of Items, see Last Page.

Prospects for 1843. "When shall we have better times?" is the anxious inquiry of thousands, pining with the sickness of 'hope deferred.' They have so often heard the cry of 'Land Ho!' when no land was visible, that they begin to think there is to be no land any more. Yet we trust they will allow us to believe, and endeavor to show, that the darkest hours are past, and that a brighter day at last dawns on our long-suffering Country.

Yet it must not be concealed that there are still formidable obstacles to the complete reestablishment of our National prosperity. The want of an adequate and uniform National Currency is, for two years at least, insurmountable. The partnership of Tylerism and Loco-Focoism, to which the Government is for that term virtually surrendered, will do nothing; Tylerism being intent on making a show of auxiety to do something while it neither does nor professes any thing effective; and Loco-Focoism rests on its threadbare maxim that the Government can do nothing for the relief of the People, and ought to do nothing, but that, in Currency as in Trade, doing nothing is the perfection of human wisdom. Now there is no fallacy more clearly refuted by every day's experience than the assertion, so constantly dinned in our ears, that the Currency will regulate itself,' if let alone .--We are daily pointed to the fact that the current Rates of Exchange between the chief commercial centres of the Union have approached a reasonable standard, as if that answered every purpose, while a deposite in St. Louis, Chicago, or Louisville, cannot be realized here except at a smart discount; debtors or purchasers in States embracing half the surface of the Union can promise no Currency in which to make remittances to the Atlantic States: and even the Federal Government drags, at a heavy expense, its kegs of dollars five hundred miles over prairie roads, in order to reach a point where they can be made available! And all this in a state, as we are told, of equalized Exchanges and a proper Currency !- But no! the Exchanges have not been equalized, in any practical and beneficent sense, and the want of a uniform, adequate National Currency, remittible in any manner at the slightest cost, is still sorely felt in depressing Industry, obstructing Business, and diminishing the just

reward of Labor all over the Country. But this evil is greatly modified, and will in time be nearly overcome, by the operation of the New Tariff, which has already turned the balance of trade largely in our favor, and is still rapidly swelling the amount of Specie held in this country. We neither expect nor desire that this influx of Specie will be permanent; but its effect, in enlarging and strengthening the basis on which rests our Circulating Medium must be beneficial. The rigorous and distressing contractions of our Currency consequent on the heavy importations of Goods and exportation of Specie in preceding years are now at an end; henceforth the tendency must be to a moderate and gradual expansion. even though our Circulating Medium be limited to the amount of our Precious Metals alone.

But a still greater benefit to the Country than even that conferred through the invigoration of the Currency is about to be experienced from the New Tariff in the wide diffusion and more general prosecution of the Mechanic Arts and Manufacturing processes. The vast Agricultural portions of our Country have been kept in comparative poverty by the remoteness of the markets for their products and the cost of reaching them. While the farmer in Illinois must raise Wheat for 25 cents, yet the maker of his cloth pay \$1 50 for it, neither of them can prosper. A few go-betweens may amass riches, but the great mass of the producers on both sides must languish, because most of the fruits of their reciprocal labors are consumed in the cost of exchanging them. Both must be vastly benefited by the transfer of the Manufacturer to the neighborhood of the Farmer. This process has already begun; it will go on throughout the year; and, if the next Congress adjourns without disturbing the Tariff, it will be instantly and greatly accelerated. The whole Country, and more than our own Country, will be signally benefited by the removal of one hundred thousand manufacturers and artisans to the great Valley of the Mississippi, where the Farmers of that vast luxuriant region can pay them for their products with the mountains of Grain and Meat which must now be seld for a trifle or remain a drug on their hands. Could this transfer be speedily effected, not only would an immediate improvement both in the demand for and price of Agricultural staples be generally felt, but Trade throughout the land would feel the beneficent impulse. No State ever permanently diminished the amount of her imports by increasing the variety of her productions. If Illinois were this day as great a Manufacturing State as Massachusette, she would, like Massachusetts, consume a larger amount of Foreign Products than she ever did while exclusively Agricultural and Commercial. The satisfaction of certain vital wants by the labor of her own hands would increase both her ability and her disposition to buy freely of other foreign Staples. We note, therefore, with hearty gratification the

accounts which reach us in our exchanges of the building of Woolen factories in the West, of Cotton factories in the South, and the establishment of new branches of Manufacture in every part of the Country. It is through such manifestations that our Protective Tariff is to perform its great work of rebuilding the prosperity of the Country, by opening new sources and varieties of employment, and, by bringing the producer and consumer much nearer together, increase the reward of the former while diminishing the cost to the latter. Only let this policy be steadily persevered in, and the improvement in Business, or the demand for Luber and its Products, will be steady and certain.

Yet we are not expecting what is called a seaon of Prosperity in 1843. We know that prices, whether of Lands, of Products, or of Labor, are and must be low while our Currency remains as contracted and imperfect as now; and we would not have it expanded by any sudden impulse. There will be few great fortunes made rapidly this year, and we care not if never again. But of that real Prosperity, which is exhibited in steadily prosecuted, and expanding Industry; in the erection of buildings, the improvement of lands, the introduction of new arts and improved processes, and the realization of a large aggregate return for the year's industry, we trust this year will be not unfruitful. For those heavily in debt in propertion to their means, it will be a hard year, as have been several before it; for those who can find no employment suited to their capacities, or adequate to their support, it will also be hard; though we trust that both the number and the privations of these will be much diminished. We shall be greatly disappointed if 1843 does not leave us, as a people, in a decidedly better condition than it found us.

News for Office-Seekers-A New Reading of the Constitution.

We learn that the Secretary of the Treasury (Mr. Spencer), with the concurrence of the Attorey General of the United States, has decided that the appointment of Inspectors, Weighers, Gaugers &c. of the Customs is vested in the Secretary of the Treasury, as the Head of the Department: That, by the Constitution of the United States, any act of Congress vesting such appointments in the Collector is void. The Attorney General has held, in a written spinion, that these appointments must be by the Secretary, else they are null and void by the Constitution. As to those persons now holding these offices, they must be presumed to have been appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Whig Victory in Williamsburgh!

The Town Election in Williamsburgh, across the East River, took place on Tuesday, and resulted in a COMPLETE WHIG TRIUMPH, by majorities ranging from 106 to 155. We give the vote for the more important offices:

#Mig. Loco.

Supervisor. D. D. Winant. ...311 A. D. Soper......205
Clerk. Z. M. Clark ...319 D. Strong. ...203
Justice. L. T. Coles. ...350 H. M'Canellish ...155
Collector C. S. Booth ...315 J. Zimmer. ... 1E9
Assessors ... Wm. Leaycraft ...316 George Doyle ...194

W:1

The remaining majorities average 125. Williamsburgh has usually been against us, and last Spring elected part of each Ticket; last Fall against us. Huzza for her emancipation! The Ticket elected is acknowledged to be the best ever presented in the Town, and was sustained by a remarkably even vote. De Williamsburgh has a most enthusiastic, active and efficient WHIG CLUB. One such in every Town would greatly aid in achieving the great triumph of 1844.

MASSACHUSETTS .- A special election for five Members of Congress, from Districts which had made two previous trials without effecting a choice, was held in Massachusetts on Monday. We gather from various sources the following returns:

Second (Essex) District: Second Trial, (Feb.) 15 Towns. Third Trial, (April.) R. Rantoul, Loco. 4,053 R. Rantoul, Loco, 3,896 L. Saltonstall, W.3,358 D. P. King, W. 3,723 bolition, &c 1,137 Abolition, &c 901 Rantoul ahead. 695 Rantoul ahead. 173

Whig gain from February 522 There is certainly again no choice. A steady

Third (ESSEX NORTH) District : A. Abbott, Whig.2,003 A. Abbott, Whig. 1,871 J. W. Mansur, L.1,977 J. W. Mansur, L.1,751 Abolition, &c 382 Abolition, &c 456

A Whig gain, but certainly no choice.

Fifth (WORCESTER) District: Second Trial, (Feb.) 29 Towns. Third Trial, (April.) Ch. Hudson, W. 3,808 Ch. Hudson, W. 3,684 P. Merrick, L...3,320 D. Henshaw, L...2,904 Abolition, &c.... 546 Abolition, &c.... 580 Against Hudson. 58 For Hudson ... 200

Sixth (HAMPSHIRE) District.
Second Trial, (Feb.) 24 Towns. Third Trial, (April.)
Baker, Whig....3,594 Baker, Whig....3,804 Chapin, Loco 3,137 Chapin, Loco 3,545 Abolition, &c... 488 Abolition, &c... 642 Baker's plurality, 457. Do. now, 259: Loss, 198.

There is certainly no choice in this District. Mr. Hudson lacked 233 votes of an elecion in February; he has now gained 258 in 29 towns-25 more then he needs if the other towns

held their own. We trust he is elected. We have a few returns from the Berkshire Distrist, but they are indecisive. Nothing by the

morning Mail from the Hampshire District.

RHODE ISLAND .- The Election for State Officers took place yesterday. The result is doubtful. The 'Democratic' or Carpenter pariy expressly disavowed the Dorr Constitution, and pledged themselves to be governed by the one legally ramed until it shall be altered in accordance with its own provisions. The result will hardly be

VICKSBURGH, Miss. has elected a Whig Mayor over a Loco-Foco Repudiater by more than we to one. WASHINGTON, Pa. has elected Whig Officers-usually Loco. We hear much boasting of a Loco-Foro victory in Chicago, Ill. where that party has always had a large majority, though sometimes defeated in a Charter Election by

Bishop HUGHES, in a letter to the Commer cial Advertiser, denies the statement which we quoted from the Buffalo Gazette, that he had required the church of St. Louis to vest their church property in his hands, that the congregation had refused, and that he had in consequence withdrawn their pastor and forbidden any others of the clergy to supply his place. He says he has only advised the churches to dispense with trustees in the management of their property: that nothing but his solicitations have induced the Rev. Mr. Pax to remain in charge of the church for the last 18 months in consequence of their unkind treatment of him, and that the only difference between the congregation of St. Louis and himself is 'that its trustees have thought proper not to be governed by the ecclesiastical discipline of the diocese, and expect me to supply them with priests who shall be governed by a different discipline, of which they are the authors.' Though he has not done so before, he now forbids any clergymanof this diocese to officiate in the church until the difficulty

WHIG VICTORY .- We learn by a letter from Newburgh that at the Election held there on Tuesday the entire Whig ticket was elected by a maiority varying from 50 to 100! Last year the Loco-Focos had a majority of over one hundred. This is indeed a glorious victory.

FIRE.-The dwelling-house occupied by Mr. Sullivan Grey, situated on Edinburgh-street, Cornhill, was consumed by tire about half-past 9 o'clock [Roch. Dem. last evening. Loss \$500. ly repaired.

Connecticut Election.

HARTFORD COUNTY- (Complete.) Towns. Balewin. C'vi'd. Gillette. E'sw'ii. C'vi'd. Gil. Cons. Hartford ... 192 46 8... 118 35 5 4 Avon......132 Berlin.....245 228 194 Bloomfield ... 91 Burlington ... 132 127 Canton 91 maj East Hartford 242 283236 234 153 153 325 258 Rast Windsor, 350 6.....521 59.....155 13.....142 Enfield.....263 Farmington...170 Giastenbury...179 Granby.....208 110 156 Hartland Manchester...190 Marlborough . 75 Simsbury....209 177164 83 2......68 202 105 300 outhington .. 200 Soffield Vetbersfield..331 2.....126 vindsor.....174 4775 4735 228 Total.....5916 5017 261

The 322 votes cast last year for Loomis, the Conservative candidate, have this year been nearly all Tylerized into the service of Leco-Foceism. In reality, therefore, there is a Whig gain adoption of a substitute reducing the fees of inof about 250 votes in Hartford County.

The Representatives elect are 15 Whig, 14 Laco, I claimed by both parties, though elected by Whigs-2 no choice.

One Whig and one Loco Senator elected, by about 100 each; the odd one is pretty certainly Leco by about 20 majority.

M. C. The Hartford Courant of yesterday has returns of votes for Congress nearly complete; in seven towns the majority only is given; in the remainder the full vote. The totals are

Thomas K. Brace, Whig......6,358 Thomas H. Seymour, Loco-Foce.. 6,386 Seymour ahead, 28. The Courant thinks the result cannot be ascertained till the votes are officially counted; but we apprehend Seymour, by deliberate cheating on the Tariff question, aided by the Political Abolition wire-workers, who have drawn away some 300 Whig votes, has crept in by some two dozen majority in 14,000 votes. We shall see how such iniquity prospers.

NE	W-HA	VEN COUNT	¥.		
New-Haven .1283	999	81219	997	12	
Bethany 58	135	4 41	165	3	
Branford 79	173	65	179		
Glastine 170	187	149	150	1	
Cheshire170		253	264	1	
Derby 44	"	154	93		
L'ast Haven oo	213	64194	203	53	
Guilford183		87	211	2	
Hamden108	203	00 100	215	33	
Meriden154	213	86128	149	8	
Madison182	169	22133		•	
Middlebury 116	52	99	46		
Milford 357	92	2295	109	1	
N. Branford112	106	106	110		
North Haven.147	163	145	180		7
Orange135	88	40 n	naj.		
Oxford	20	maj121	167		1
	maj.	56	39	13	
Southbury		maj 57	133	3	
Wallingford 136	244	21132	148	12	
Waterbury 337	385		397	27	
Wolcott 88	72	5	14 r	naj.	
Woodbridge112	95	115	89		
Total3873	:648	107 39:6	4172	174	
Whimmai 17	5	Loco mai216	Whit	gain	591

Samuel D. Hubbard, the Whig candidate for Congress, has over 200 majority in this County, but this is overborne in Middlesex, which gives some 400 for John Stewart, Loco, and elects him.

NEW-LONDON AND WINDHAM. Twenty towns in New-London Co. are reported either by votes in full or majorities, to have given Cleveland 2972, Baldwin 1909; Gillette, (Abo.) 310. This is a decided Loco-Foco gain, and near-

ly ensures Cleveland's election by the People. George S. Catlin, Loco-Feco, is undoubtedly elected to Congress from New-London and Windham by a large majority over Edward Eldredge,

All the Secators in New-London Co. and 24 to 25 Representatives heard from are Loco-Focos, which settles the character of the Legislature.

Tolland County gives something like 100 Loca Foco majority; WINDHAM probably about even but we have no definite returns.

LITCHFIELD AND FAIRFIELD. The Loco-Focos admit that Mr. OSBORNE goes out of Fairfield County 100 ahead for Congressbut believe that Litchfield will overbalance this We think his majority in Fairfield is higher, and trust it will not be overbalanced in Litchfield. If it is, we have a dull look for Whig Members of

Congress in Connecticut. Eighteen towns in Litchfield Co. add up Cleveland 1455; Baldwin 1280: Cleveland ahead 175. Eighteen towns in Fairfield County give Cleveland 111 majority, while they give 100 or more for

Cleveland's majority in Middlesex is, by Loco-

Foco report, 493.	
Reported Majorit	ies for Governor.
Cleveland.	Baldwin.
Hartford 31	New-Haven 175
Tolland 100	Windham, (part) 105
Middlesex 493 New-London 1063	
New-London 1063	Total280
Litchfield	
Feirfield 111	

The Abolition vote will hardly reach 1,500; so Cleveland is probably chosen.

There is no material variation between Governor and other State officers, but Cleveland runs a little ahead of his party.

The Whigs have gained in the Legislature, but not enough to carry it. The State stands Loco-

Foco for one year longer.	
VOTE OF NEW-HAT	VEN.
Whig.	Loco.
Gavernor Baldwin 1288	Cleveland 95
Lieut. Gov Booth 1288	Holabird95
Treasurer Brown 1291	White 95
Secretary Tyler 12.9	Phelps95
Comptroller Carrington 1290	Welles
Congress Hubbard 1284	Stewart95
Senator Gilbert 1270	Jones
Representatives Galpin 1258	Osborn99
Fosier1249	English98
Abolition vote, from 4 to 8.	

Mr. Colton's Fourth Lecture on the North American Indians, is to be delivered this evening, at the University Chapel. It will have an advantage of being on a subject of more popular interest-The Physical and Social Life of the Primitive Americans. We bespeak for him the attendance of all, who feel any interest in preserving whatever remains of a noble race rapidly perishing.

The SYLVANIA Association holds its regular Weekly Meeting this evening at 411 Broadway, and invites all who feel an interest in the improvement of the condition of the Mass to attend.

TT Col. McKenney's discourse at the Broadway Takernacle on the evening of the fourth, was on all bands conceded to be a splendid affair, in both matter and manner. It took one hour and a half to deliver it, during which time there was the most unbroken silence, and when it was closed, a murmer of regret was audibly expressed that it was so short. Many were heard to say, they would gradly be reseated, and hear it over again. When the Speaker touched that part of his theme, that embraced the Cuivairy and Humanity of the Pawnee Brave, and asked, who it was, that had thus thrown over the human character, such a halo of giory, and made answer, by saying, it was Pettalasharro, a curtain fell from before a magnificent full length painting of that chief, which produced an effect quite electric. The speaker was frequently interrupted by applause and must have been gratined, when treating of the wrongs of the Indians, to have seen tears fall from the eyes of many His next discourse will be delivered at the Broadway Tabernacle, on the evening of Friday next, (to-morrow,) at ball past 7 o'clock. The origin of the Indians will, we learn form part of it, and one of the most interesting questions relating to this people. We advise punctuality in the attendance, for should the speaker open as bedid in his first discourse, with almost literal paintings of the scenes, both in nature and in the Indian's occupations, the loss to those who should miss such graphic delineations, will not be easi

New-Fort Legislature.

FRIDAY, April 4. In the SENATE Mr. BOCKEE reported a bill to incorporate the N. Y. Silk Manufacturing Company. It was ordered to be engressed for a third reading. Mr. FRANKLIN reported a bill repealing the provisions of the Revised Statutes requiring the inspection of certain articles. The bill in relation to the Distribution of the Geological Reports then came up. After rejecting several amendments-among them one to give copies of the work to the Reporters-the bill was reported to the Senate, and was then rejected-13 to 15. The Senate soon adjourned.

In the ASSEMBLY, the bill to repeal the compulsery provision of the Inspection laws, passed in Committee of the Whole, and was referred with a view to extend the principle to the weighing, gauging, measuring, &c. of merchandise. The bill to provide for the appointment of three additional inspectors of flour in New York, was amended by the spection about one-half-and the bill was then laid on the table. The bill repealing the Jury law, and that relating to the division of Wards in this city, were then discussed, after which the House adjourned.

We are indebted to the Expresses of Messrs. Pomeroy & Co. for Northern and Western papers, and for letters from our Albany Correspondent, many hours in advance of the Mail. From Messrs. Pullen & Copp we also received Albany papers.

IF A long and interesting letter from our Albany correspondent, 'Watchtower,' received at a late hour last night, is unavoidably crowded out this morning.

RHODE ISLAND .- A correspondent of the Providence Journal states that the door of the Artillery Armory at Bristol was broken open on the evening of the 2d instant, and a large quantity of powder, &c. with matches arranged, probably for the purpose of blowing up the building.

A Postscript to the Chronicle states that the Board of Canvassers at Smithfield, while registering the names of voters, was assailed by a drunken gang and forced to disperse. It is said that the assailants were provoked to the act by hearing that nearly all the names on the registry-list were friends of ' law and order.'

WRECKED AND LOSS OF LIFE .- The schooner Crocker, Captain Partridge, of Taunton, Mass., bound to New-York, went ashore on Plumb Island on Monday night, 27th ult., filled with water, and will be a total loss. Her cargo consisted of nails; insured in Boston for \$4,000, which will be saved, damaged. The crew were lashed in the rigging 8 hours. One man, Charles Leonard, colored, of Taunton, perished.

On the same night, the schooner Dodge, Healy, of Camden, Me., went ashore, sprung aleak, and her load, being of lime, caught on fire, and the whole cargo and vessel were consumed. The captain had his feet burnt in endeavoring to save his clothes. All the crew were saved.

The testimony on both sides, in the case of Mercer, was closed on Tuesday evening, and the summing up commenced yesterday. Mr. Carpenter was to open for the State, and Mr. Wall for the Prisoner. Mr. Vroome is expected to close for the Defence, and Attorney General Molleson for the State. Two witnesses, a man and a woman, summoned in behalf of the State, were proved to be disreputable characters, and were ejected from the cars at Camden. They were afterward brought to Woodbury by private conveyance, but were not suffered to enter the Court-House.

IT It will be seen, by an advertisement in our columns, that Prof E. C. Wines is soon to repeat the course of Lectures upon the Civil Government of the Hebrews, which he has recently pronounced in Philadelphia. They were listened to there with the deepest gratification, and are said to exhibit a most intimate acquaintance with every thing relating to that ancient people. We doubt not they will be well attended in this city; and we have every reason to believe that they will prove highly instructive and valuable.

The Carthage (Tenn.) Republican contains the particulars of a most brutal and unprovoked murder of a Mrs. Raney by a drunken fellow named Rowland, in Putnam County. In his rage Rowland threatened to kill somebody, and got up in the night to effect his purpose. All in the house got out of his way, however, and the next morning he again made an assault upon a number of persons who were about the house. They all escaped except Mrs Raney who was overtaken, knocked down with an axe and her head then severed from her bedy. The wretch was arrested

By a slip from the office of the Norfolk Herald, dated at 3 P. M. on Mouday, we learn that Mr. Cooke, who killed Mr. Gardner, was again arrested on Sunday, and committed to the Borough Jail. An examination was to be held on Tuesday before the Court of Aldermen. The warrant for the second arrest was issued on the allegation of additional evidence.

T Capt. James Taylor died recently at Zanesville, Ohio, aged 74. He was a native of Philadelphia, was appointed by Washington, Lieutenant of Dragoons, and served for a long time under Gen. Anthony Wayne-' mad Anthony' as he was called, to whom he was strongly attached. He was buried with Masonic and military honors.

SICKNESS .- We are sorry to learn, says the Concord, N. H. Courier, that the sickness which has prevailed so extensively in Vermont, and Lower Canada, the last winter, has made its appearance in the town of Barnsted, in this State, where many are now sick; some have died, and others are slowly recovering. It very much resembles, in many of its features, the Spotted Fe-

D'ELIZABETH' complains about the singing in the Methodist Church in John-street, and wishes 'The Tribune to notice in a pleasant way' the defects of the leader and other members of the choir, particularly the 'screaming, boisterous noises' by which it is frequently characterized, and the borrible outrages on Walker and Webster in the progunciation of the words.' We would cheerfully comply with the request of our correspondent, but we think the better way would be for her to join the choir herself, and she would then have an opportunity of suggesting improvements, and perhaps work a reform, if a reform is needed.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR, By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

MARCH SI, 1843.
MONTGOMERY COUNTY-Adrian D. Fonda, Loan Com-Abraham Hees, Master in Chancery, vice John Cuming. erm expired. Henry C. Adams, Examiner in Chancery, vice Peter G.

Webster, term expired.

Pythagoras Wesmore, Supreme Court Commissioner, vice John Cuming, term expired.

Peter Piets, Edmand Buel and William B. Wemple, Inspector and Measurers of Wood and Timber.
Joseph Snell, Inspector and Measurer of Wood and Timber, vice Harvey Cook, term expires May 25, 1843.
UNONDAGA COUNTY—Isaac R. Quereau, Elisha Chapman

and Demosthenes C. Le Roy, Notaries Public, vice Evelyn Sasper, Warren W. Porter and Dudley P. Phelps. Alfred H. Høvey, Notary Public. Franklin Gounty-Martin L. Parline, Surrogate, vice Sidney Lawrence, term expired.
HERRIMER COUNTY—Peter F. Bellenger, Notary Public Things in Philadelphia. Correspondence of the Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5 .- P. M. The business at the Beard of Brokers to-day, was quite mited. The following are the sales at both Boards: \$300 City Fives, 1856, at 96; \$1,000 Pennsylvania Fives, 1870, at 394; 14 shares Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank at 24; \$400 City Fives, 1860, (new) at 851; 29 shares Mechanics' & Manufac-

turers Bank at 14. Northampton Notes are quoted to-day by some of our

brokers, as high as 80 cents discount. Flour is in good demand-for export, \$4 is demandedfor city use, \$4 25. Wheat is scarce and in request.

Exchanges continue duil.

All out door business has been entirely suspended to-day. a consequence of the inclemency of the weather. The Mercer case will probably close on Saturday, when the verdict of the Jury will be speedily rendered. That the prisoner will be acquitted there is not the least doubt, the plea of insanity having been unquestionably made out. Collections are about being taken up in behalf of the suffering people of Guadalope.

The State Senate have reduced the amount of Relief

Notes, to be monthly cancelled, to \$50,000. The Committee appointed to inquire into the charge of

nattempt being made to bribe a member of the Legislature, made a report substantially the same. The bill apportioning the State into Senatorial and Repre-

sentative Districts has finally passed both Houses. It gives to the City two Senators and five Members-to the County, three Senators and eight Members.

HENRY CLAY-AN EXAMPLE THAT FEW MEN WILL FOLLOW .- A near relative of Mr. Clay 1esiding in his vicinity, who has been largely engaged in the purchase and manufacture of hemp for bagging and bale-rope for the New Orleans market, by the fall in value and the embarrassments of the times which have been felt with prodigious force for a year past in the great south-western Emperium, was lately compelled to make an assignment of his property to trustees for the benefit of all his creditors. The whole amount of his liabilities was near \$50,000, about one half of which was due to Mr. Clay for advances to enable the manufacturer to presecute his business, so advantageous to the farming interests of Kentucky, with the hope of an improvement in the condition of things so that a suspension of the work and of the payment might be avoided.

The sale of the property took place about a fortnight ago, and as usual in such cases attracted several hundred persons, and among them many of the creditors. Mr. Clay then told them in substance that the assignment was for the benefit of all the creditors, himself included-that the amount due him was as large as all the other claims combined-that from the relationship in which he stood to the debtor, it was probable some, and perhaps many of the creditors, had become such under the expectation that if difficulty occurred, he, Mr. Clay, would protect them-that although there was no ground whatever for asking him to do so, yet rather than that any man should think he had the the slightest reason to complain of him, and in order farther that every debt due to others should be paid, he now released all interest under the assignment until every dellar due to others was paid, and then if any thing was left he would take t. The sale was made-the other creditors were all paid, and what little remained was all Mr. Clay

got for his \$25,000. How different this from the ordinary course, when Mr. Clay, being the confidential creditor, would have been first paid, and in this case the only one paid, and who but Henry Clay could be found, under such circumstances, to reject the whole or at any rate his share of the proceeds. [Cleveland Herald.

ANOTHER TAX LEVIED .- The editor of the Madisonian has issued a circular to the Pestmasters supposed of the true faith, marked confidential, in which, after a long preface about the virtues of the Administration, and the expenses he has incurred to sustain it, he asks the Postmaster to procure — number of subscribers to the Mad-isonian. The blank in the circular I saw was filled up with 'ten semi-weekly' subscribers at \$5 a year. In a postscript, the editor tells the Postmaster that if he feels confident of his ability to procure the subscribers, it would be a great favor for Lim to advance the money by return of mail. This, you see, is but a tax levied on the poor office-holders, who are expected to make this contribution at [Cor. U. S. Gaz. once to the cause.

HORRIBLE MURBER .- On the 20th uit . Mr. Hiram Bessley, for many years a resident of this county, was murdered by five of his negroes. On that evening the deceased and his negroes were in a "clearing" about three quarters of a mile from home; the intent to murder him was there conceived; and, by a stroke with an axe, by a female slave, the work of death was commenced. The other negroes, three men and another woman, then rushed to complete what the first had begun-and did so. On Tuesday all five were arrested, brought before Justice Woodson, confessed their guilt and were committed for further trial. [Columbia, Mo. Statesman.

INQUISITION .- The Coroner yesterday, with everal medical assistants, held an inquest on the body of Sarah Jane Divin, who died, as testified by the physicians who attended her, of puerperal convulsions, at the house of Mrs. Cameron, some days since. Suspicious had been excited that she ame to her death by improper means; but nobing in the testimony gave the least foundation for the opinion. The Jury asked for more testimony, and the case was adjourned till to day.

DEATH OF BISHOP ROBERTS .- We regret to learn, by a slip from the Cincinnati Western Christian Advocate, that the venerable Bishop Roberts, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died at his residence near Lawrenceport, Indiana, on the 27th

Court Calendar This Day. SUPERIOR COURT .- Nos. 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56,

7, 100, 58, 59, 61, 62, 101, 63, 65. CIRCUIT COURT .- Nos. 72, 81, 264, 33, 116. 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 132, 133, 136, 27, 137, 138, 139 140, 141, 142, 143, 145.

COMMON PLEAS .- Nos. 57, 53, 31, 6, 3, 35, 44

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS .- Before Judge UL-SHOEFFER .- Michael Casey vs. John Gilmer and Charles House.—Assault and battery, damages laid at \$2,000. The plaintiff sued Gilmer at the Marine Court for illegal destrain. On the same day, it is said, the defendants (who are brothers-in-law) went to plaintiff's house, 106 West Broadway, waited till he came out, and committed an assault upon his This was denied on the part of Gilmer. The Court charged that if two peresons go to a place avowedly to make an assault, they are equally guilty in the eye of the law, although bat one may have struck the blow. A person who, after be ing assaulted, throws off his coat, and shows a disposition to oght, loses much of his right of redress before a jury. As o damages in cases of assault and battery, the verdict must be more than \$50 in order to carry full costs. \$50, or under will only carry costs equal to damages. Yerdict \$25 dam ages against House, and Gilmer acquitted.

POLICE OFFICE. - PURLOINING APPAREL .- A man who would give no other name than that of Jim Crow, was arrested and imprisoned for stealing several articles of clothing from Joseph Morehead, a boarder at the Northern Hotel, in Courtlandt street. TREACHEROUS INMATE.-A female named Catharine

Ward, was arrested by officer Sweet, on a charge of having on the 12th of February, stolen \$165 in bank bills from the desk of Mr. James Cass, No. 27 Division street. She came there to live on the 10th, and on Sunday, the 12th, suddenly left, and immediately thereafter the money was missed .-She was imprisoned for trial.

SPECULATION IN BUTTER .- A powerfully built colored man named Lewis Gardner, was arrested by officer Sparks and committed, charged with having on Monday night stolen a firkin of butter from the grocery of Thomas Marin in Orange street TAKING LIBERTIES WITH A LADY.-Ellen Carrick was

arrested by officer Barber, charged with taking and earryoff the clothes of Mrs. Elizabeth Linen and her child, of No. 177 Hudson st. Committed for trial FURTIVE BOYS.-Peter Morrison and Robert Fosset, boys were arrested and committed for stealing cotton from the

store of Guilliame Merle, No. 268 Front street. CARRYING OF BEDDING .- James Nelson, was arrested and committed for stealing a matrass and comforter worth 604, from S. W. Wilson, 53 Vesey street.

MONEY MARKET.

Sales at the Stock Exchange April 5. \$500 State 6s, 1855 ... 90 \$3,000 Kentucky 6s ... 84‡
2,000 State 6s, 1880 ... 101‡ 60 shrs Butch & Drov ... 83
2,000 do ... \$60d 101
2,000 do ... \$60d 101
9,500 Ohio 6s, 1860 ... 67‡ 84 do Howard F in Co 99‡
1,000 do ... \$71
10,000 do ... \$30d 67
5,000 do ... \$67
5,000 do ... \$68
67

SECOND BOARD. \$600 Ohio Sixes, 1860...... 67 Commercial Exchange Association. \$1,000 State 6s, 1261, ½1½ 102 \$5,000 Ohlo 6s, 1866 ... 67; 2,000 do 1862, 80d 101; 1,000 do ... b30d 101; 1,000 lilinois 6s, 1870 ... 22; 5,000 do ... s30d 101; 1,000 do ... s10d 22; 2,000 do ... s30d 101; 1,000 do ... s10d 22; 2,000 do ... s30d 101; 1,000 Kentucky 6s ... 84; 1,000 State 5½s, 1861 bnw 94; 1,000 do ... s20; 1,000 do . 13,000 tJ S 6s, 1862 ... 107 2,000 do 15d 843 1.000 0hio 6s, 1860 ... nw 671 25 shrs Farmers' Trst 1830 14 8,000 do 67 50 do L Ist Rr'd 484 6,000 do b15d 672 25 do Stonington R 180 182

SECOND BOARD. \$1,000 Ohio 6s, 18ba . 67i \$7,000 Kentucky 6s, s15d 84i 12,000 do . 67i 2,000 do . s10d 84i 1,000 do . bnd 67i 50 shrs Harlem R . 30d 16i 1,000 do . s10a 67i

Commercial and Money Matters. WEDNESDAY, April &

There was a moderate business dung at the Board, with, out material change. The market is range beavy. The Firemen's Insurance Company have this day de-

clared a dividend of 5 per cent payable on the 12th inst. The six per cent. State Loan of \$320,000, to pay arrear. ages to contractors, which was bid for at Albany on Monday, was taken by the Commercial Bank, Albany, at 21 per

cent prem. The following were the bids: By R. H. King, for \$150,000, viz: \$50,000 for Cammann, Whitehouse & Co., pr. ct. prem. at 1 50-100 at 1 55-100 58,000 tor

50,000 for self and others, 150,000 James Lenox.....

I. Taylor, cashier..... Mr. Willis Hall has brought in a most important bill, in our Legislature, which, if it be passed, will have a depreciating effect upon the notes of the broken Saiety Fund Banks, unless some stipulation is introduced continuing the liability of the Banks to keep the Safety Fund good. The bill alluded to compels the Safety-Fund Banks to do one of these things, either, 1st, To associate themselves on the plan of the present associated Banks by surrendering their charters, and depositing securities and taking registered notes from the Comptroller; or, 2d, To preserve their own charters and take the registered notes, on depositing securities; 3d, Or preserve themselves as they are, taking a registered circulation from the Comptroller. It also abolishes the office of Bank Commissioner, and requires the Associations to publish quarterly reports in the State paper. The Banks. we understand, were ready last summer to abandon their charters en masse, and re-organize under the Free Banking act, if they could have been relieved from the barden of the Safety-Fund, but the Comptroller declared he should hold the officers personally responsible for any contribations required. The North River Bank has been very suc-

Banks generally will not oppose Mr. Hali's bill. The Philadelphia Banks have adopted the New-York tariff for Spanish change. The Western Insurance Co. Boston, have declared a dividend of 5 per cent, payable on demand, making for the last year 9 per cent to the stockholders, besides a dividend of

cessful under the new arrangement, and we presume the

profit to the assured. The Treasurer of the Western Railroad has effected a sale of \$300,000 Albany City Six per Cent stock at par. The whole of the bonds, amounting to \$5,000,000, issued in favor of the Company by the State of Massachusetts and the City of Albany, are now sold.

The Farmers' Bank of Amberst, N. H., one of the salest

and best regulated Banks in New-England, has would up us concerns, called in, paid off and burnt nearly all its bills of circulation, and is ready to pay the remainder at any moment when presented. This course has been adopted in consequence of the enerous restrictions imposed upon Banking in New-Hampshire by the Radical Loco-Foco Legis-

The liabilities of the Oswego Bank on the day it suspended were \$97,685, consisting of circulation \$51,264; due Banks \$6,255; due depositors \$21,151; due Canal Fund \$15,018. On the 29th March, nine days later, the liabilities ad been reduced \$14,165.

ASHES .- The market is very quiet. Pots are nominally \$5 for brand 1842, and 5 12} for 1843; Pearls \$7. No sales of either description.

Markets-Carefully reported for The Tribune.

firm. The trensactions to-day are to fair extent. Some 800 to 1000 bites Midding Upland 53 a 54 N Orleans 54 a 54 Fair Upland 63 a 64 N Orleans 7 a 74. The sales years day reached about 1000 bales.
PLOUR AND MEAL.—The asking rate for Geneses is

\$5 1.4; Ohio and Michigan, scarce, \$5 a 5 12; 'Castalia' and Railroad,' \$6 Sales 400 bbis 'Akron,' comprising all in first hands, for the West ladies, at the market rate. The baine's has been moderate to day, but market fi m. New Orleans, \$4 932 a \$5 124. About 1400 bbls affour, the parcel \$6. Southern common grades continue strady at \$1.50. lower offers being refused; sales 150 bbis Georgetown is 4 53; 200 to 500 Howard st. at 4 59, and 500 Philadelphia at about 4 50. Richmond City, \$5 50. Jersey Meal, \$2 50 1 2 624, with sales to some extent. Brandy wine \$2 75; abds \$12.50 cash. Rye Flour is rather plenty and dull Sales 100 bhls at \$1; we quote \$2 871 a 3 00. Shorts 9 a 10c. thip stuffs 13 c ; stock small. Sales 1200 bushels Shorts at of, and 4000 bushels Ship Stuffs at 13". GRAIN-There is, we believe, no wheat offering. The

last sile was at 9 lc. The demand is good, and it is not improbable 100c might be obtained. That rate has been reused for a purcel from second hands. The supplies of orn come in slowly, but the demand is less active. We notice sales of 2000 bushels Northern, to arrive, at 55c, and 1000 do, here, at 56c, weight. A parcel of Southern and nother of New-Orleans offering. Rye is much wanted, but there is none on the spot; to arrive, 2000 bushels sold at 68c. Oats are scarce; small sales of River at S71; Virginia 32. A few have been received from Poughkeepsie.

SEEDS—Fair demand for Clover at 61 a 7c, and for a

good article 20 to 50 tes brought 74c. Timothy, sales at \$16. HAY-A small lot has been received from Poughkeepsie.

We quote 53c, with only retail sales.

PROVISIONS - The market is rather active at improveing rates. 450 bbls Mess Beef sold to day at 6 75 for Coun

City is held at 7 50. Sales Old Prime at \$4; New 4 75 for Country and \$5 for City. Pork is steady and in fair demand at previous prices. Sales 200 bbls Old Prime at \$6. New is worth 6 874, with sales. New Mess & 124 a & 25, dull; Old Mess 7 621 a 7 75. Lard is selling to some extent at 54 a 54, for export. We notice sales about 70 tors in kegs and barrels at these rates. Hams and Shonldersere in go demand. Sales 15 bhe s Bry Salted Shoulder at ac, and considerable parcel of Sides at 4 a 4 jc. Sales 434 barrels Pickled Hams at 44c. Butter is dulf at 54 a 14c; Cheese

WHALEBONE.-We notice farther sales of \$2,860 lbs North-West at 25;, a decline of ic per ib on the law sale. TALLOW .- Lot 10,000 lbs Frime Rendered said for pune use at 7 c, cash, City. The butchers are shapping, but City

Rendered has been contracted for at 7‡.

HIDES.—In addition to those reported yesterday 1800 Laguayra sold at 9je, 5 and 6 months, 325 Southern at 8j a 84, and 1000 Montevideo supposed at 12c, 6 mos.

TRAS.—A catalogue of Teas by various ships was effered to-day. Hyson sold at 86 a 56; foxes 48 a 48; Young pyson 53 a 50, 45, 36 a 304; Skin 43 a 40, 574 a 26; Twankey 43 a 42; Pouchong 55 a 41; Southoug 53 a 45.

COMMON COUNCIL.—The minutes of the last meeting were approved of.

The returns of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Depart meat for the last month, containing resignations, appointnients, and expulsions, were received. The former were confirmed and the latter referred. Dist. Wards. Resignations. J. B. Wright, Withdrawa. Henry Nicoli. S. D. Rockwell, lst.....E. Griffen,
6th J. B. Wheeden,
lst......N. Diamond,
4th.....H. Hurd,
7th....I. A. Pearson. 3d 4th

R. MacGowas, Thus. J. Barus, 7th. J. A. Pearson, 7th. J. B. Maxwell, 6th. H. Dexter, Withdrawn, Labage, 8th.....J. Butler, 9th.....W. Lounsberry 15th.....B. Tyson, John Day, C. J. Whitney, 15th. H. Swords, 15th. G. W. Blunt, 16th. W. C. Scaman, N. Cook, H. Nordan, E. J. Porter, T. C. Whittenberg, 5th. S. S. Back,
5th. C. Rhinds,
5th. R. Ten Eyck,
8th. J. Douglass,
8th. J. C. Oaklord,
17th. C. Oakl S. S. Ward, 17th. C. Oarlord,
7th. E Griffith,
12th. A McGowan,
13th. A W. White,
13th. D. Wells,
3d. S Dunning,
8th. A Maclay;
8th. R. O. Getty.
3d. Yearsey occas

W. B. Scally Election holding office under the Common Council be requested to resign. After considerable debate it was laid on the table. Adjourned.

Z. Hyde, Dr. J. L. Lyon, S. Piggod, J. Chapman, J. Duff. D. F. Tieman, G. W. Barrett, C. H. Jiffing, Geo. Wetsell,

Jas. Conner, J. B. Stafford, Sd.....Vacancy occidy death,
Sd......Vacancy, Aid. Lee offered a resolution that all the Inspectors of

City Entelligence. WEDNESDAY, April 5,